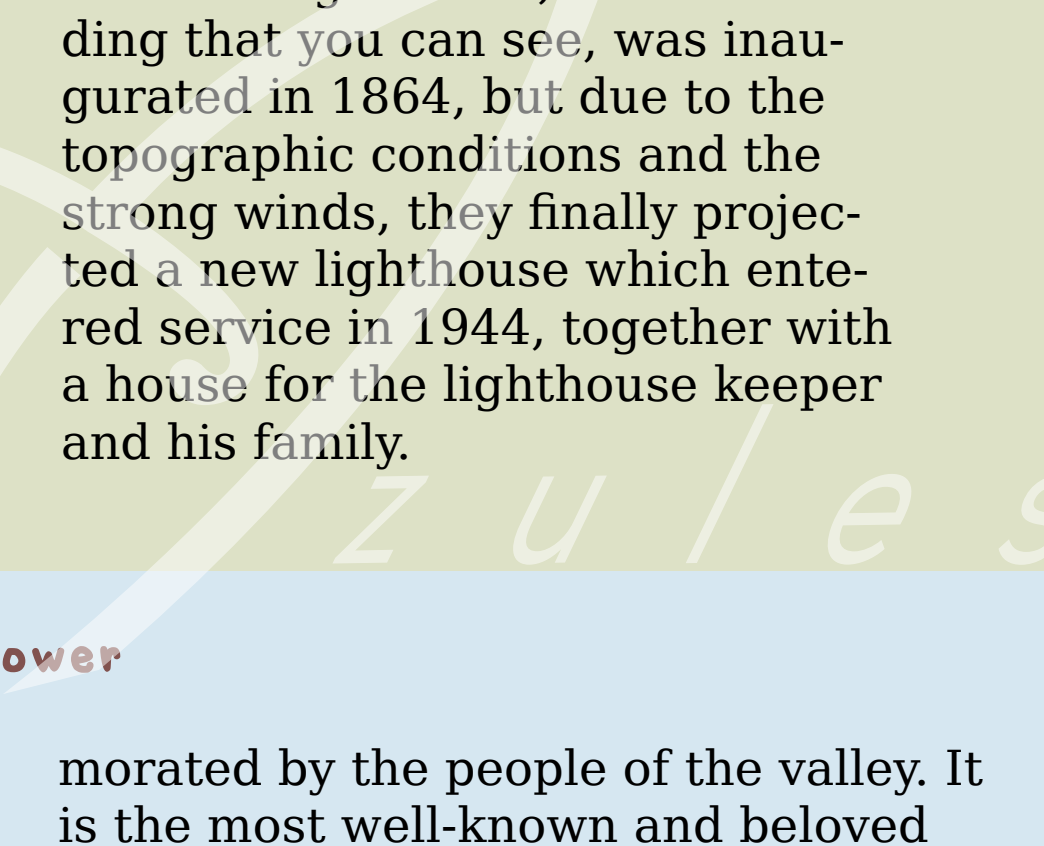




1 FAR DE SA MOLA

The Lighthouse of 'Sa Mola'

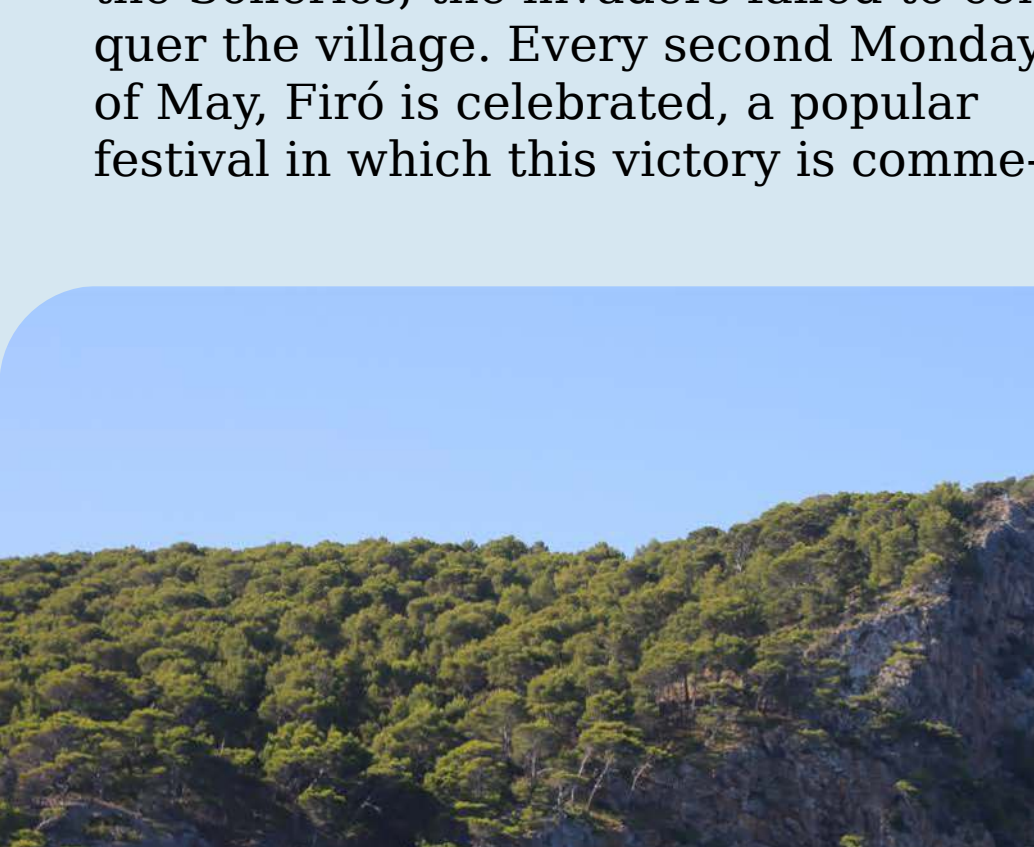
The Lighthouse of 'Sa Mola', also known as the lighthouse of 'Cap Gros' or the lighthouse of 'Muleta' is 120 m above the sea level. It's been working since 1859.



2 FAR DE SA CREU

The Lighthouse of 'Sa Creu'

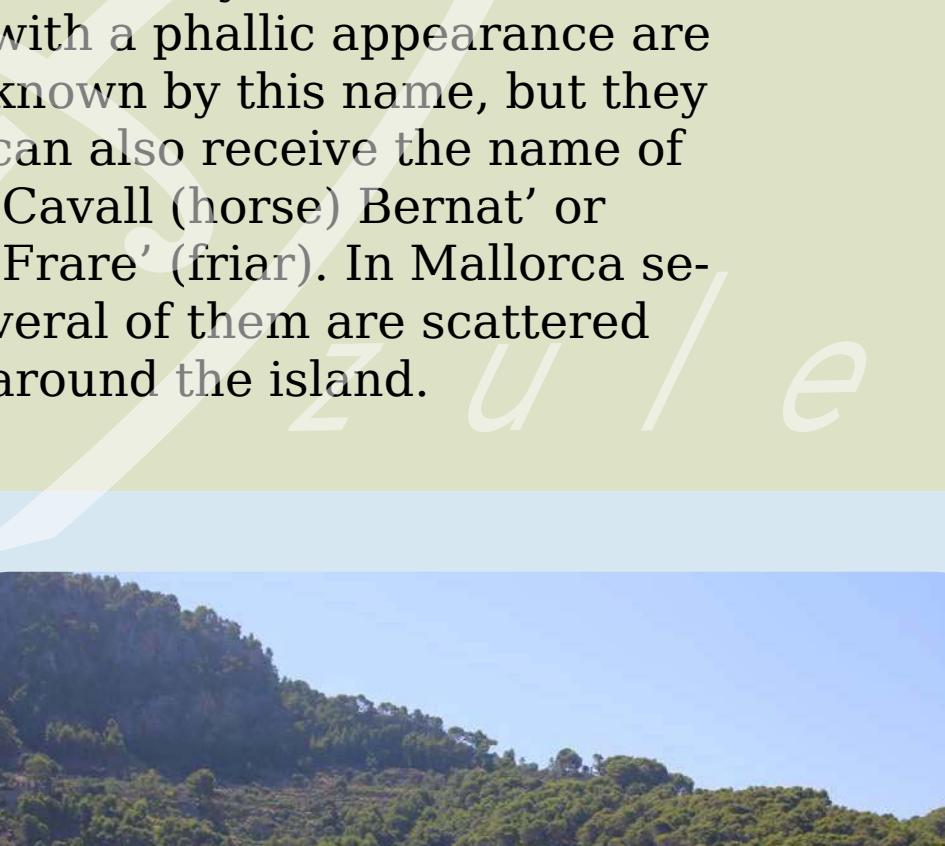
The first lighthouse, the old building that you can see, was inaugurated in 1864, but due to the topographic conditions and the strong winds, they finally projected a new lighthouse which entered service in 1944, together with a house for the lighthouse keeper and his family.



3 SA TORRE PICADA

The 'chopped' tower

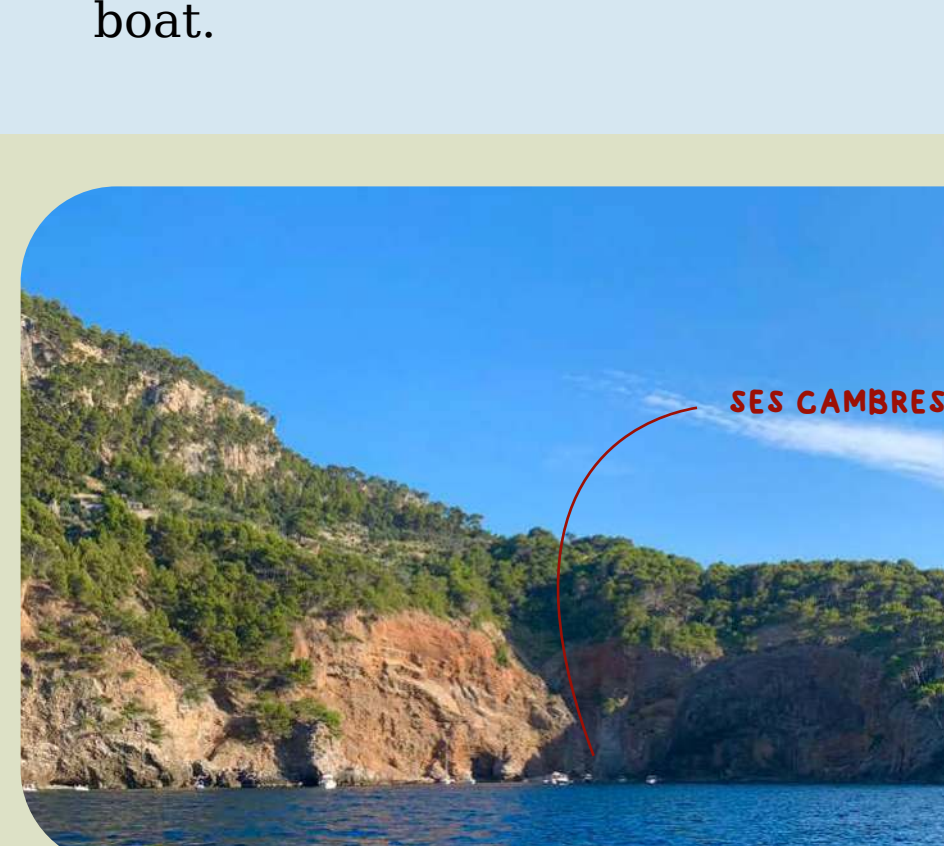
The island's coastline has numerous watchtowers that were used in the past to spot enemy ships approaching from the sea. On May 11, 1561, Söller suffered an attack by pirates who tried to loot the town. Thanks to the bravery of the Sollerics, the invaders failed to conquer the village. Every second Monday of May, Firó is celebrated, a popular festival in which this victory is commemorated by the people of the valley. It is the most well-known and beloved celebration in Söller. The Torre Picada is a watchtower dating from 1614, from which there is a spectacular panoramic view of the entire Port of Söller. This network of watchtowers was devised by Joan Binimelis, mathematician and historian.



4 PENYAL BERNAT

Cliff 'Bernat'

Commonly, all rock formations with a phallic appearance are known by this name, but they can also receive the name of 'Cavall (horse) Bernat' or 'Frare' (friar). In Mallorca several of them are scattered around the island.



5 SES PUNTES

'The tips'

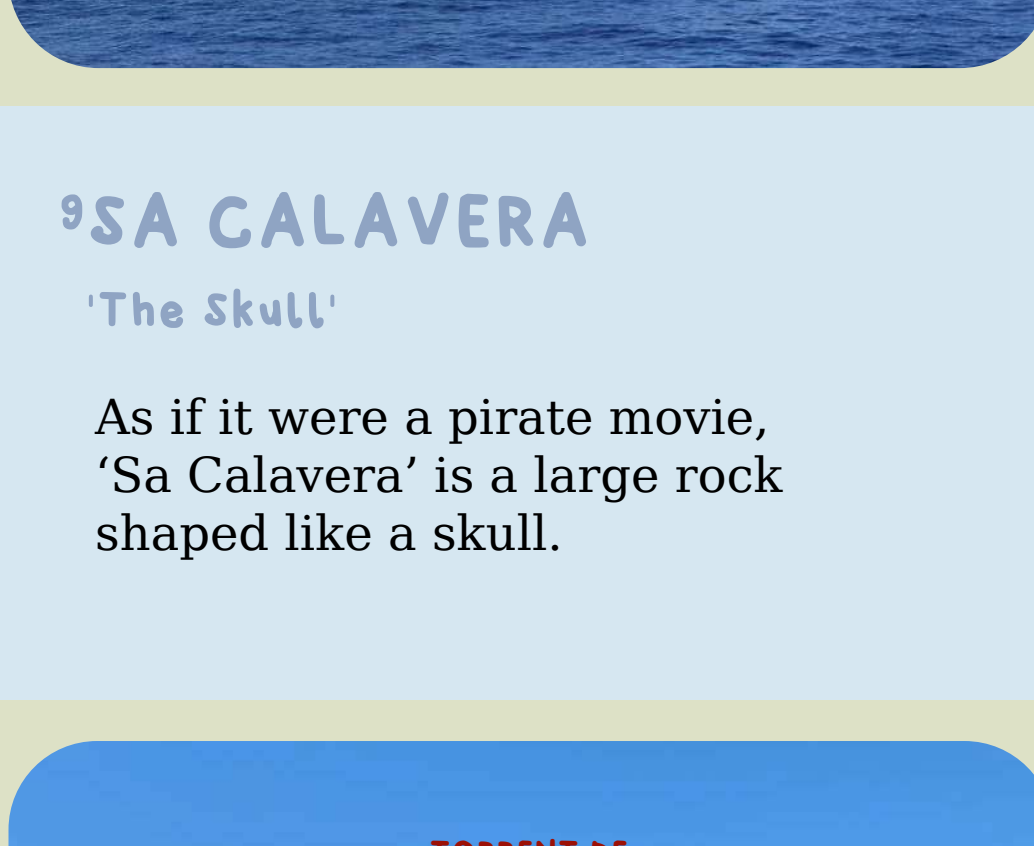
The story goes that the pirates who tried to loot Söller in May 1561 landed in 'Ses Puntes'. These are pointed shaped rocks that jut out into the sea and can only be accessed on foot or by boat.



6 SES CAMBRES

'The rooms'

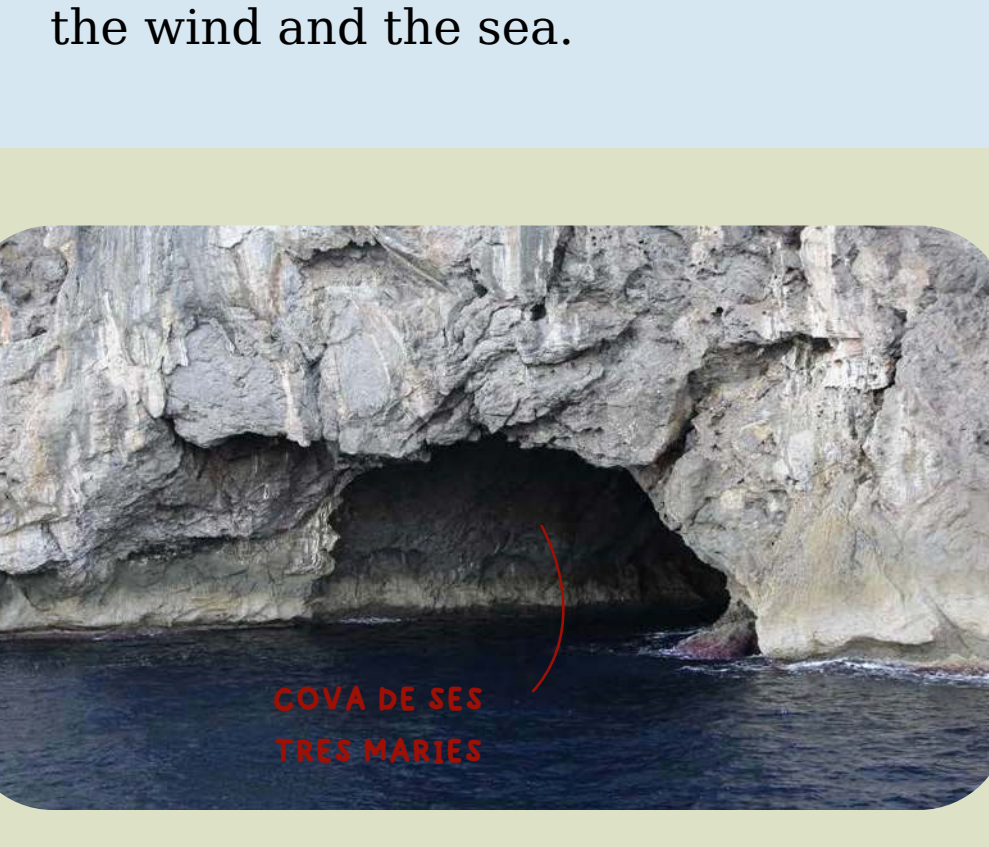
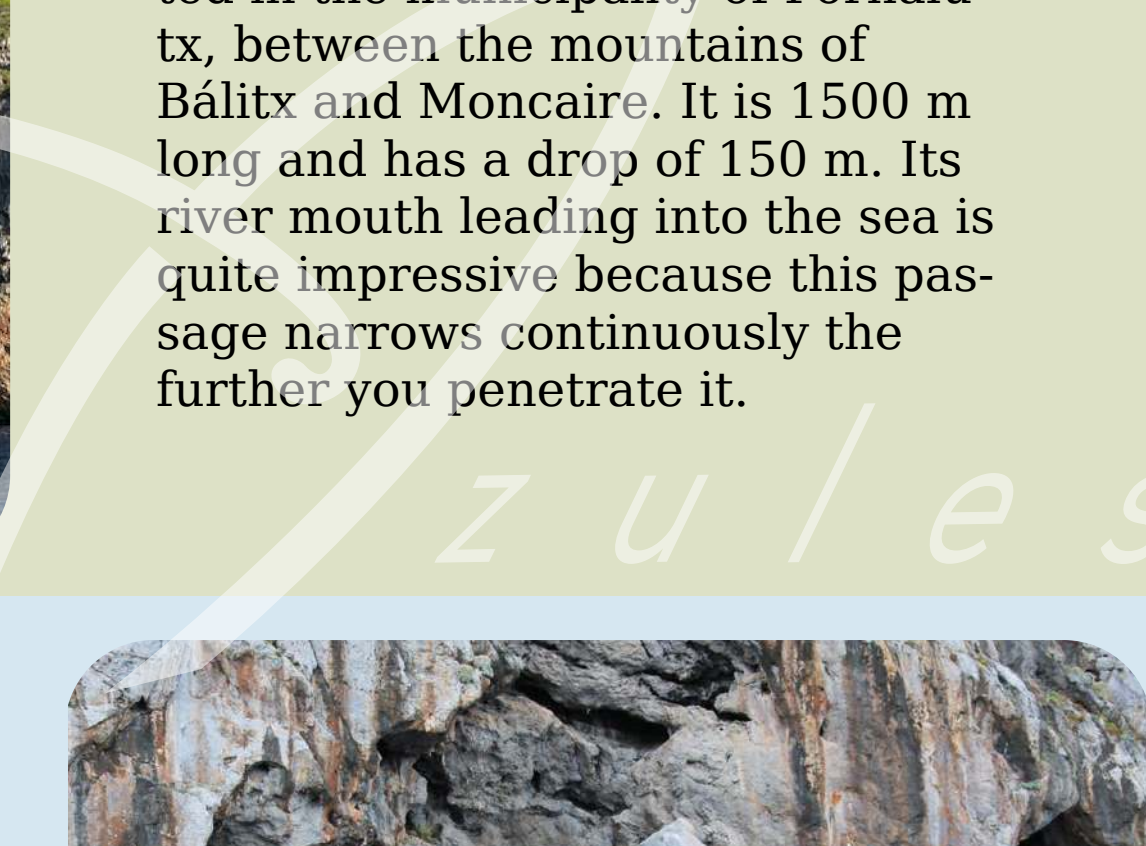
'Ses Cambres' is a small cove with pebbles that belongs to the municipality of Söller. It is sheltered by 'Ses Puntes' and has magnificent views of 'S'Illeta'. Access by land is difficult since there is no established path. Therefore, you preferably get there by boat.



7 PUIG DE BALITX

Mountain 'Balitx'

This is a 580 m high mountain from which there is a spectacular panoramic view of the Port of Söller and the 'Puig Major'.



8 S'ILLETA

The islet

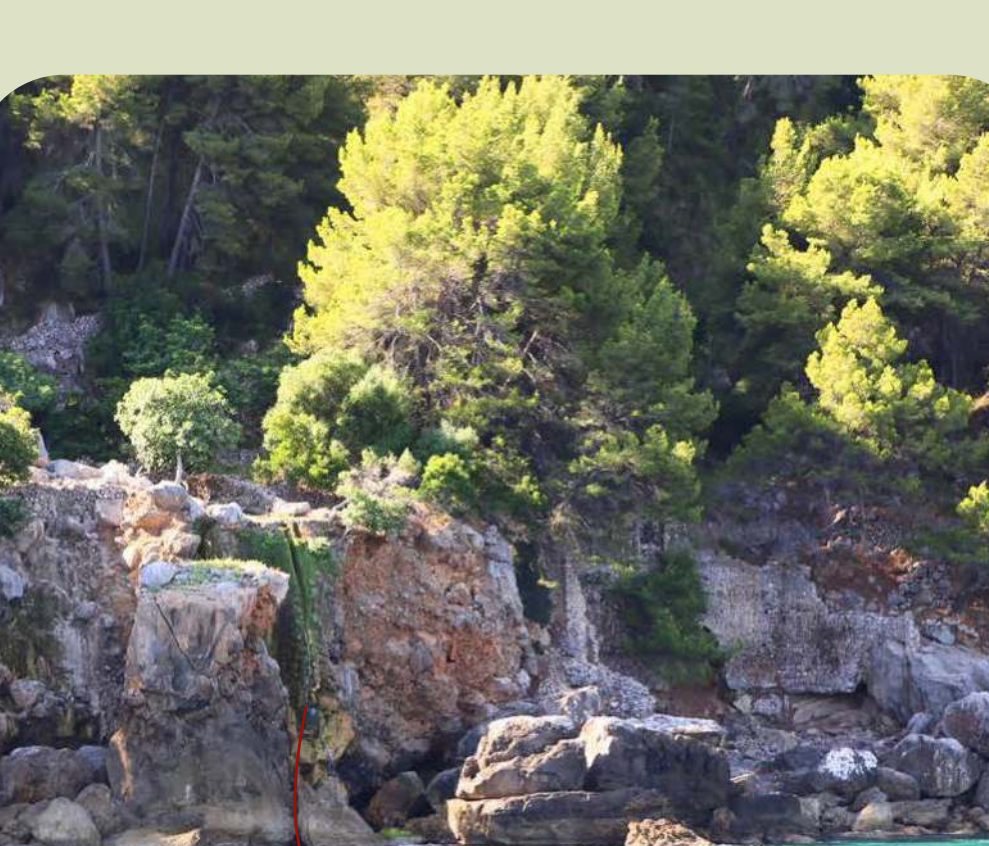
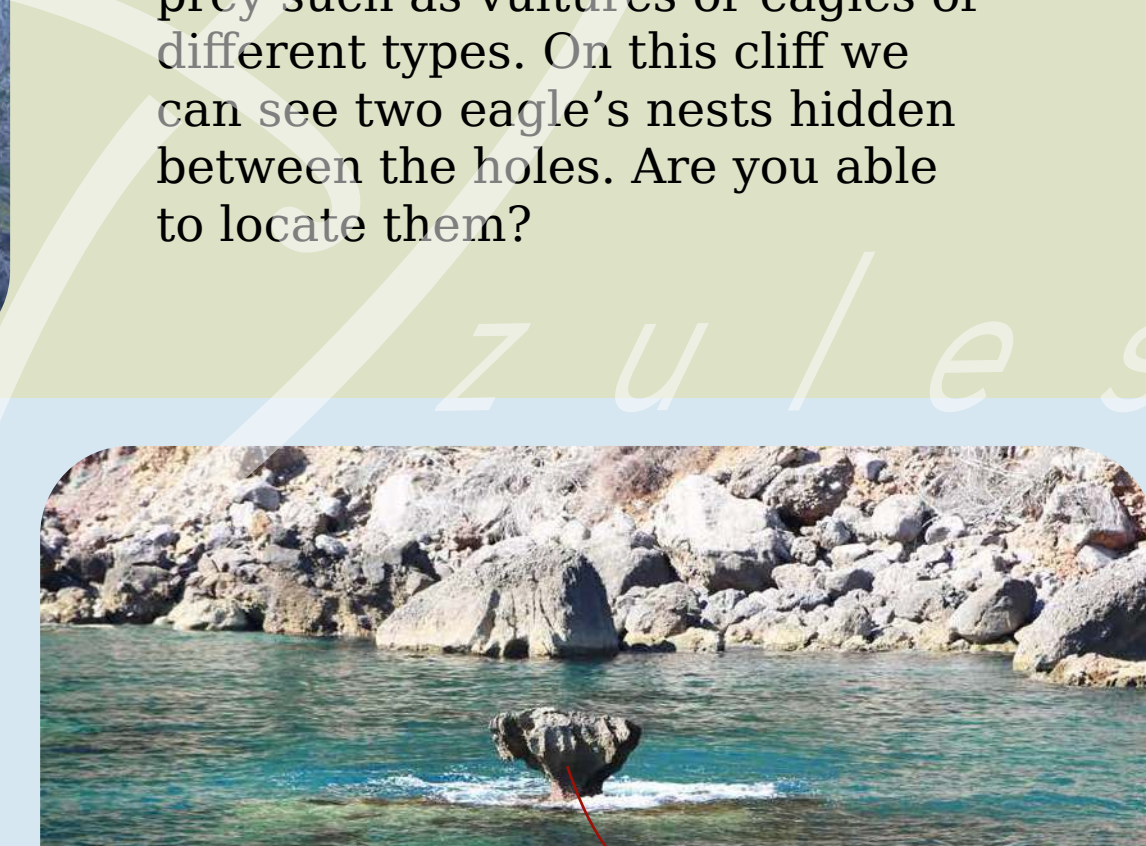
Its name refers to a small island or what is known as an islet. 'S'Illeta' also gives its name to the lands that surround it, where you can see the typical cultivated terraces with olive trees of the Serra de Tramuntana. If you pay attention, sometimes you can see goats walking around on this islet.



9 SA CALAVERA

'The Skull'

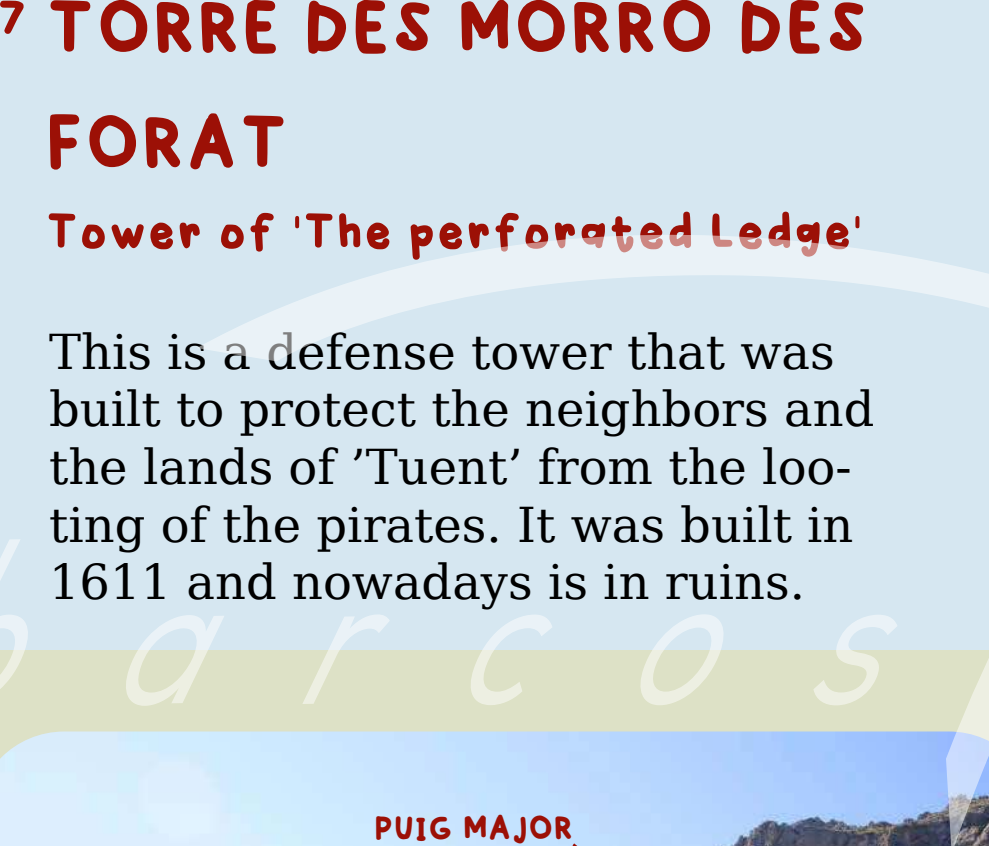
As if it were a pirate movie, 'Sa Calavera' is a large rock shaped like a skull.



10 TORRENT DE NA MORA

Creek of 'Na Mora'

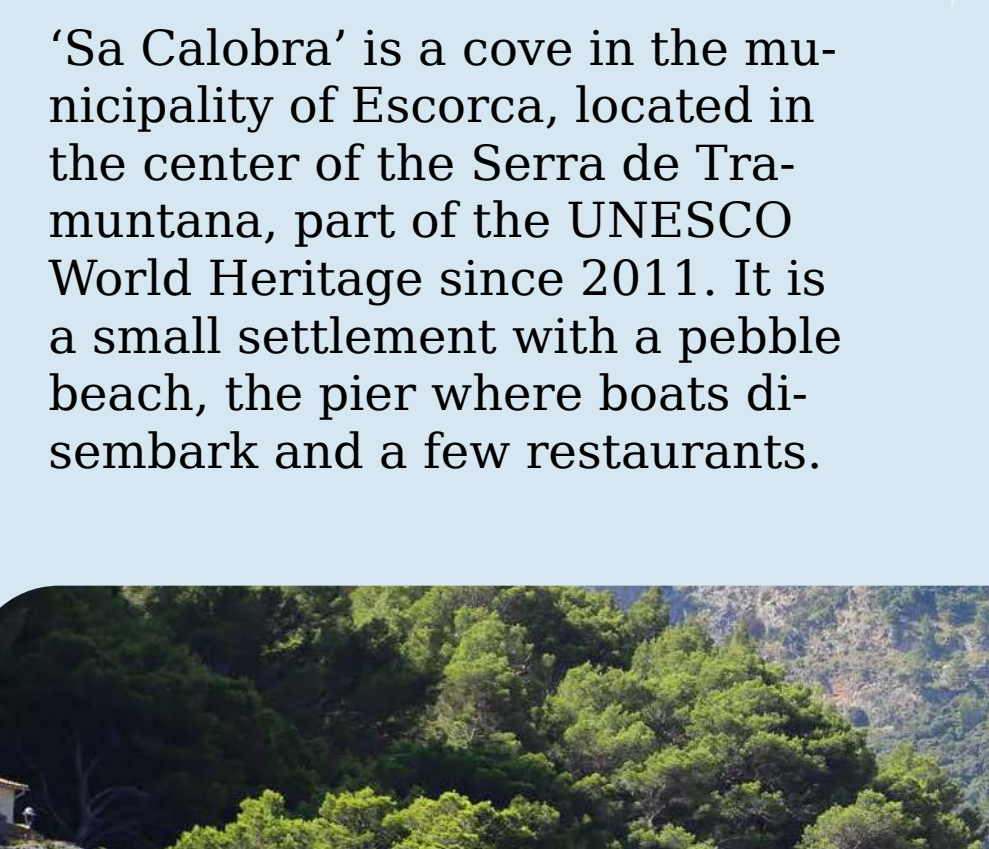
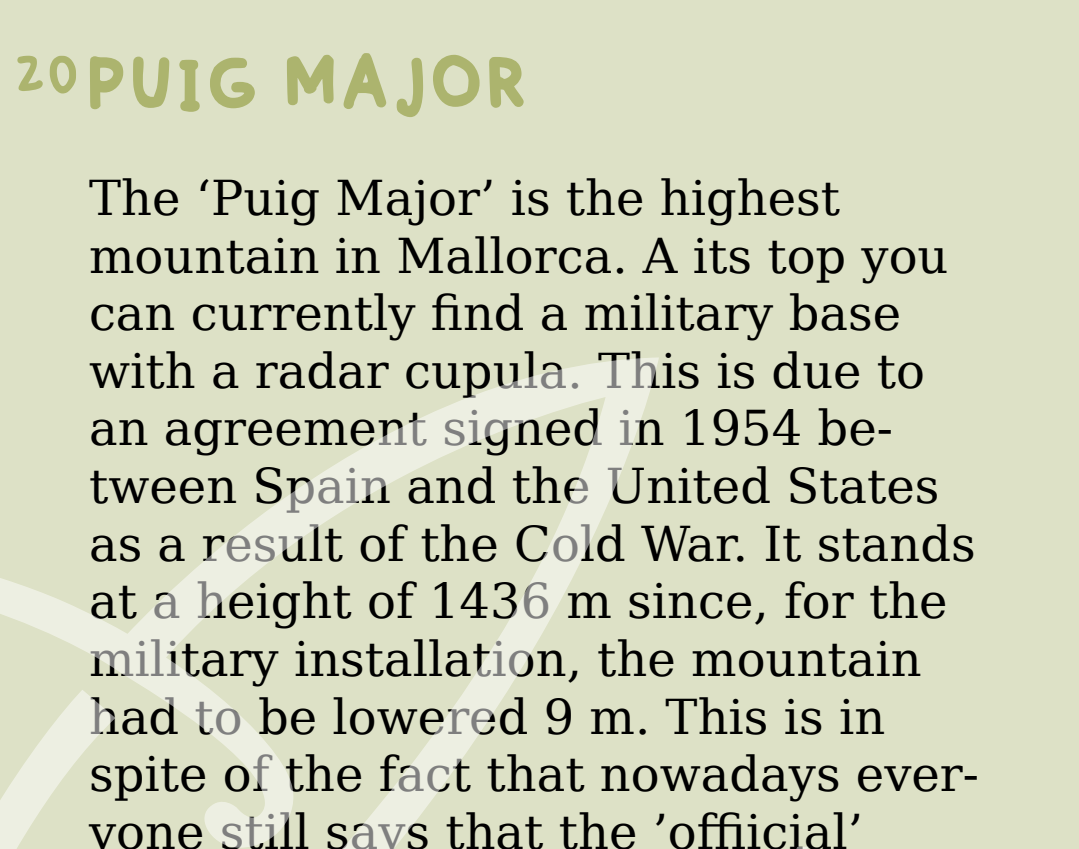
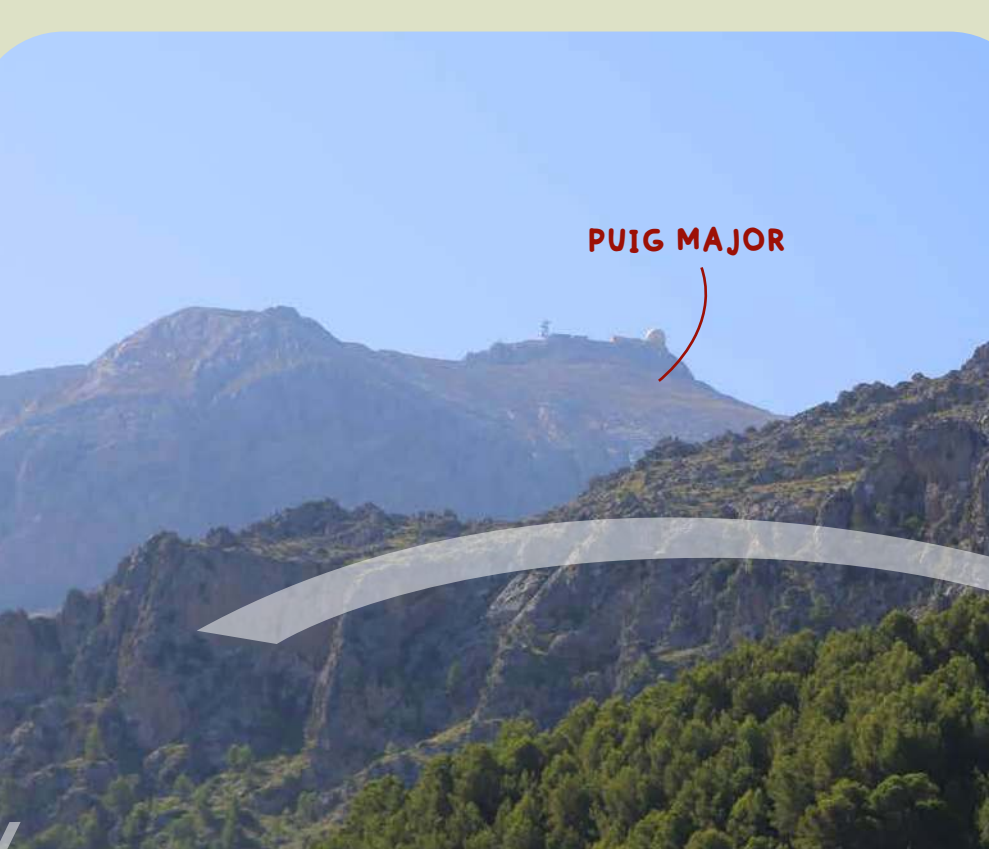
The 'Torrente de Na Mora' is located in the municipality of Fornalutx, between the mountains of Balitx and Moncaire. It is 1500 m long and has a drop of 150 m. Its river mouth leading into the sea is quite impressive because this passage narrows continuously the further you penetrate it.



12 COVA DE SES TRES MARIES

Cave of 'The Three Maries'

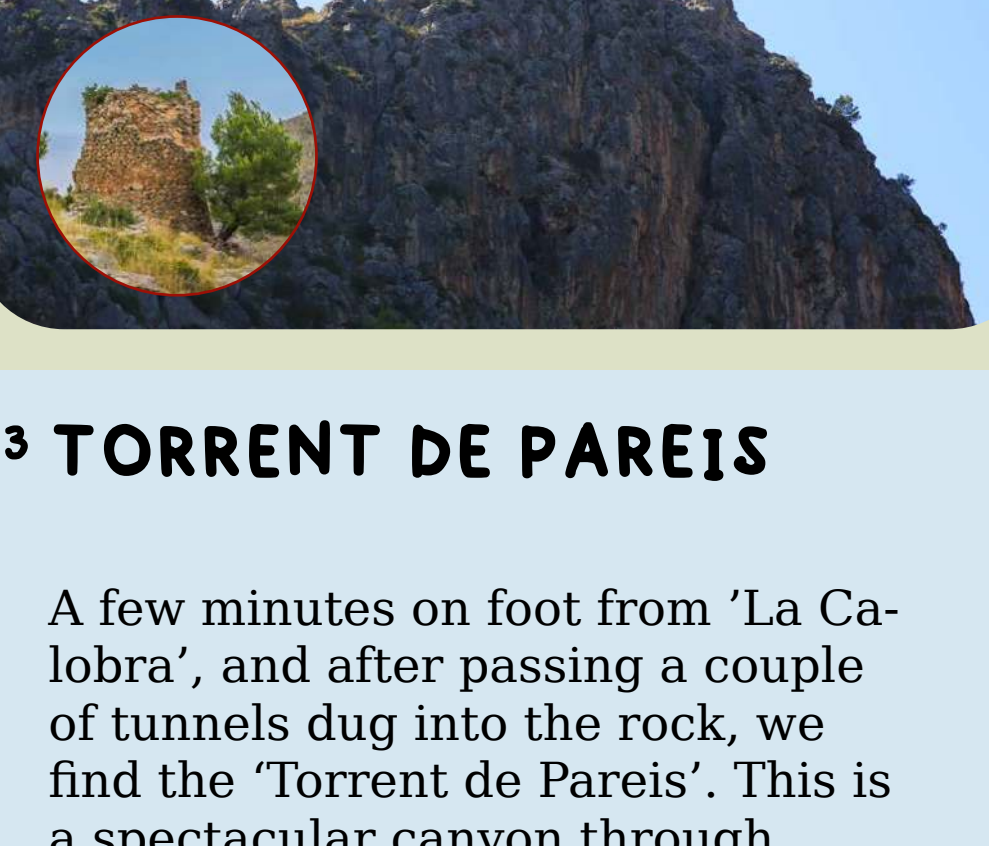
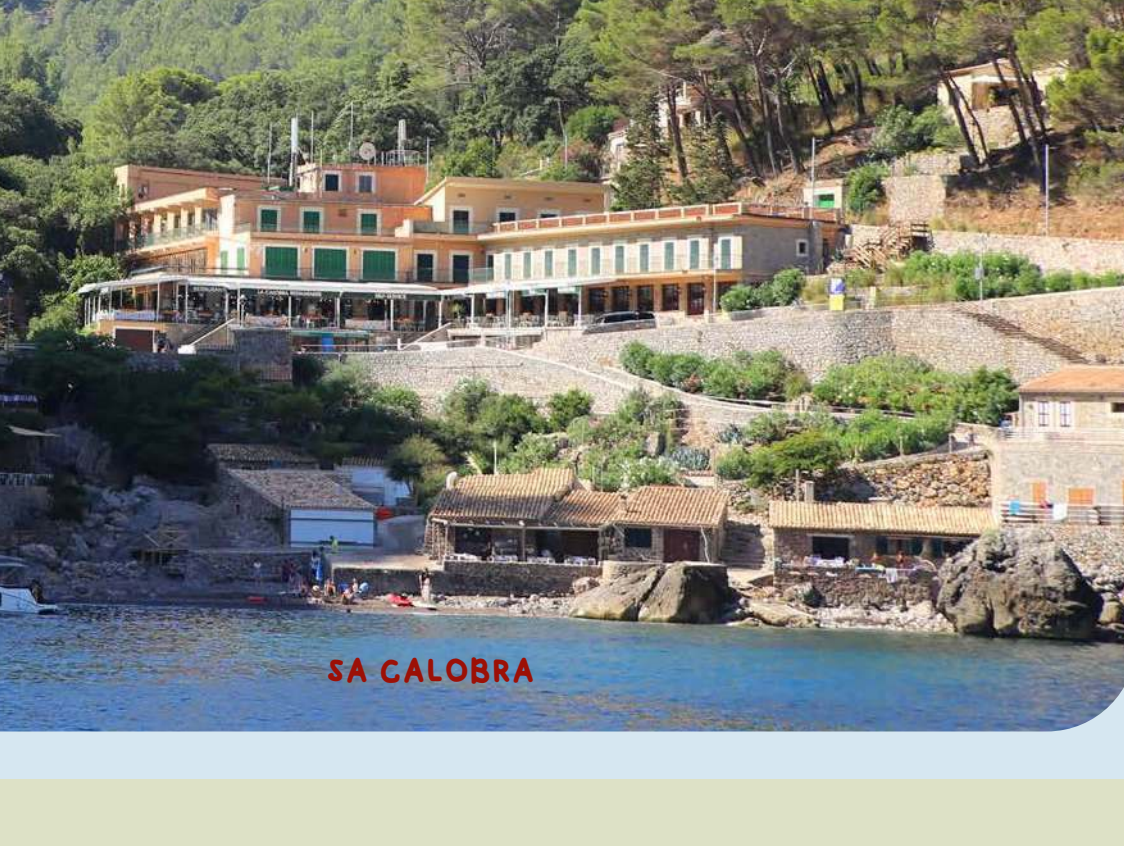
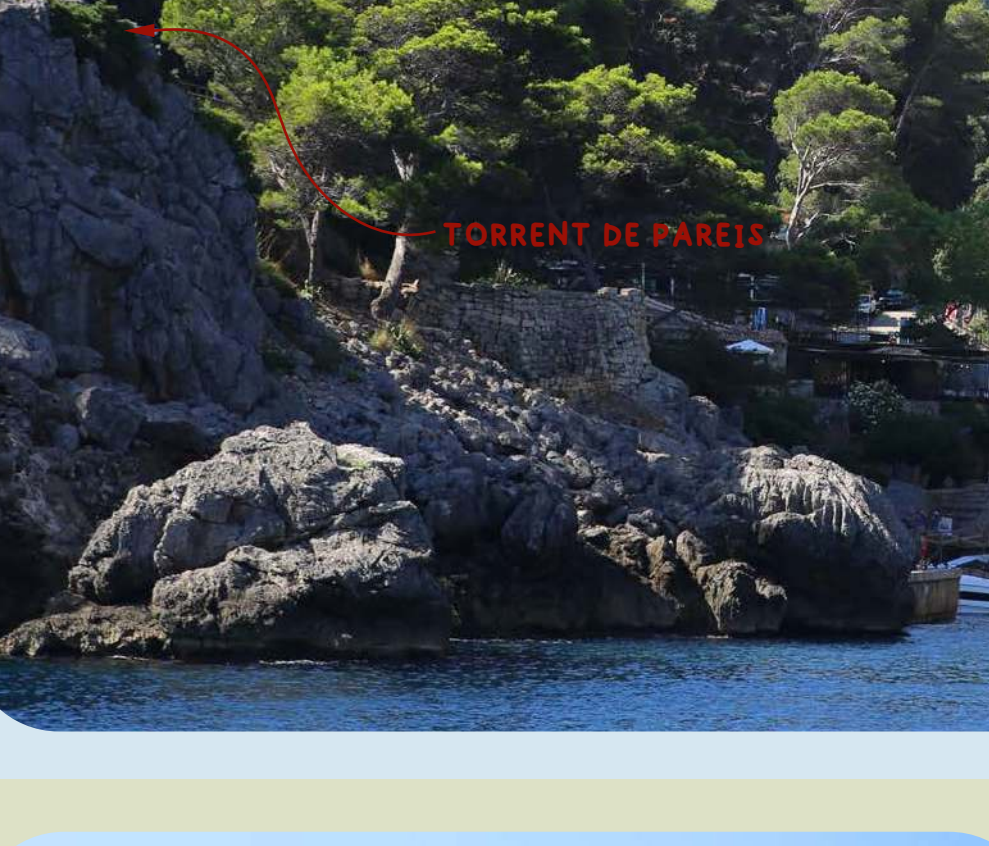
The North Coast of Mallorca is full of caves, some of them very large. In the past, many of them were used by the island's smugglers as hiding places to store alcohol, tobacco or coffee.



14 NIU DE S'AGÜLA

The Eagle's Nest

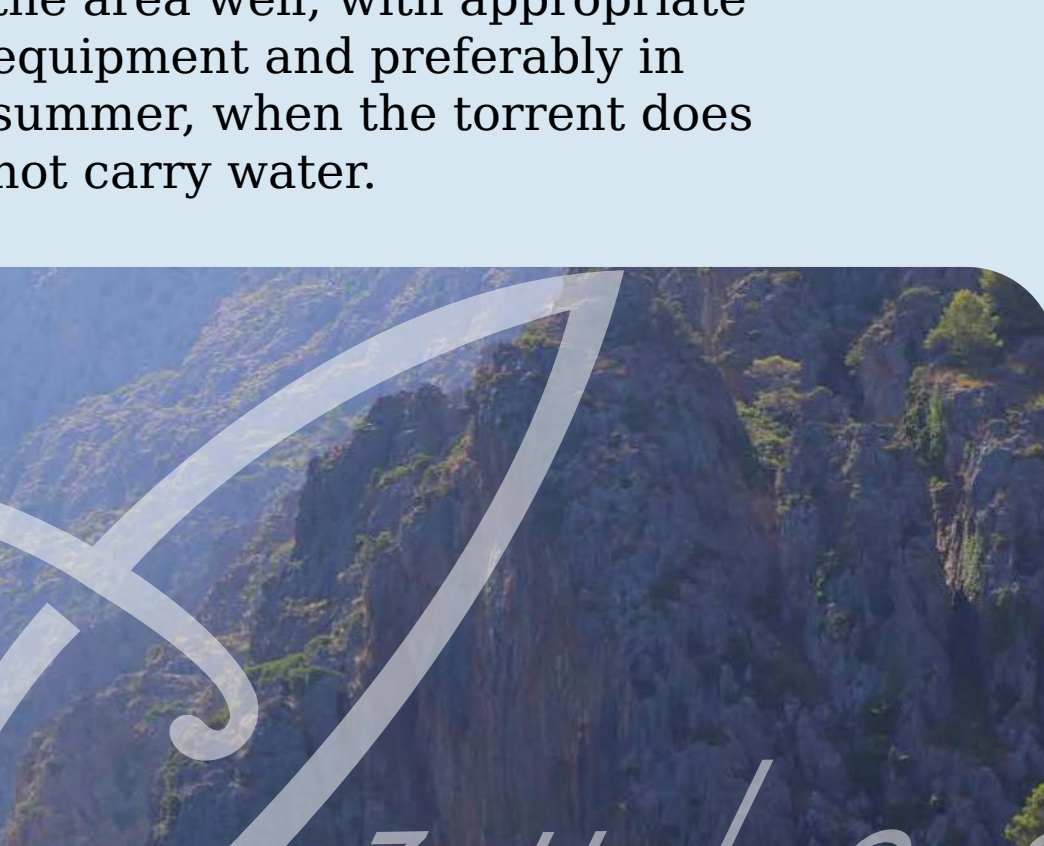
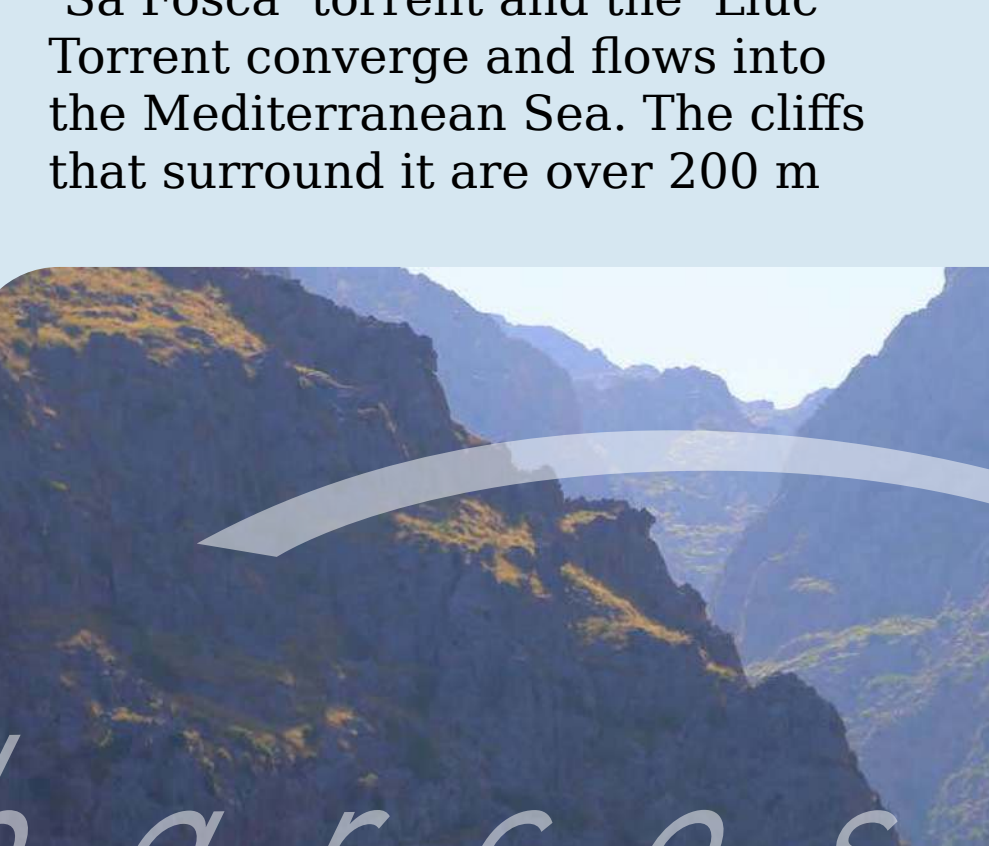
The North coast of Mallorca is very rich in all kinds of birds of prey such as vultures or eagles of different types. On this cliff we can see two eagle's nests hidden between the holes. Are you able to locate them?



16 FONT DE SA COSTERA

Source of 'Sa Costera'

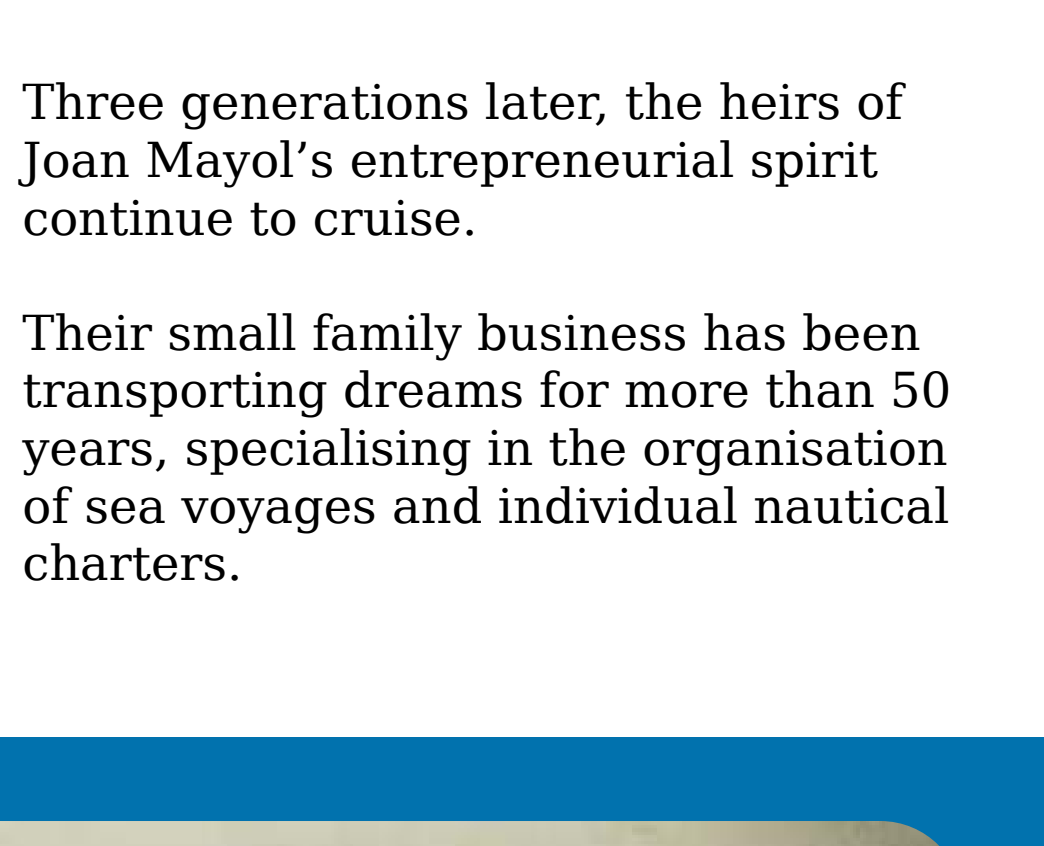
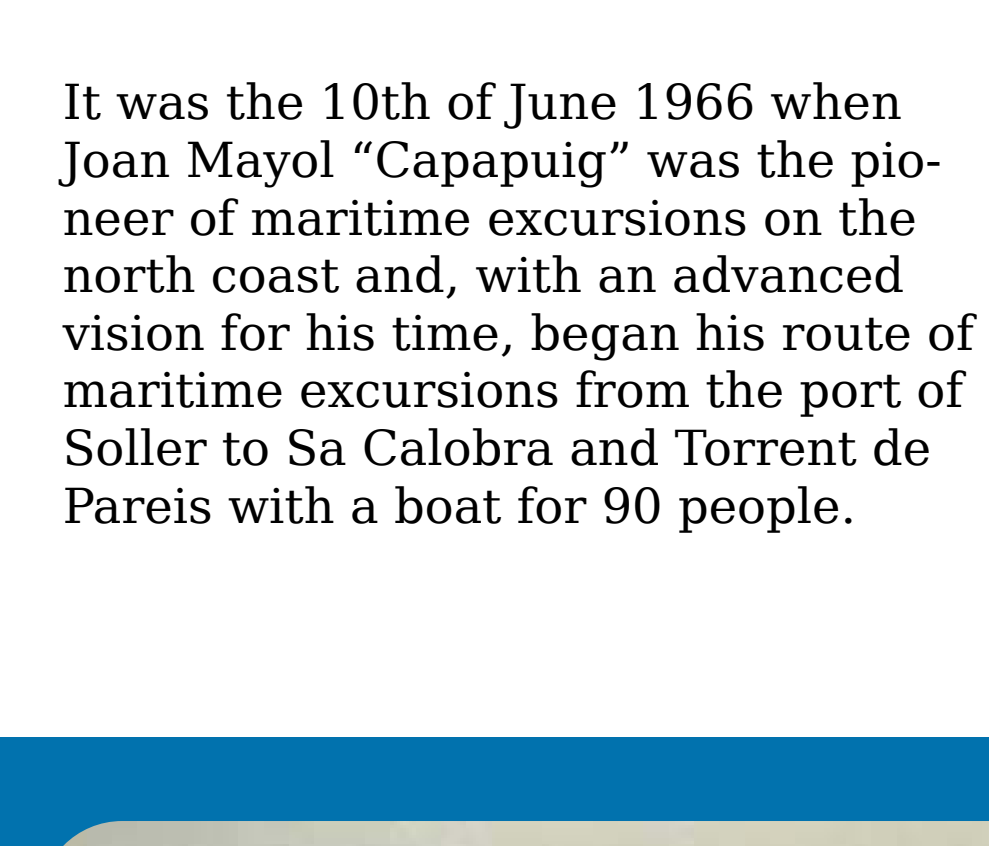
In the past, an electricity generation plant used the movement of the falling water from sa 'Font des Verger' to generate electricity. Söller was one of the first villages in Mallorca able to produce its own electricity until the sixties of last century, when the plant was closed. In 2008, this water was channeled by means of a submarine pipeline and conducted to Palma for human consumption.



18 CALA TUENT

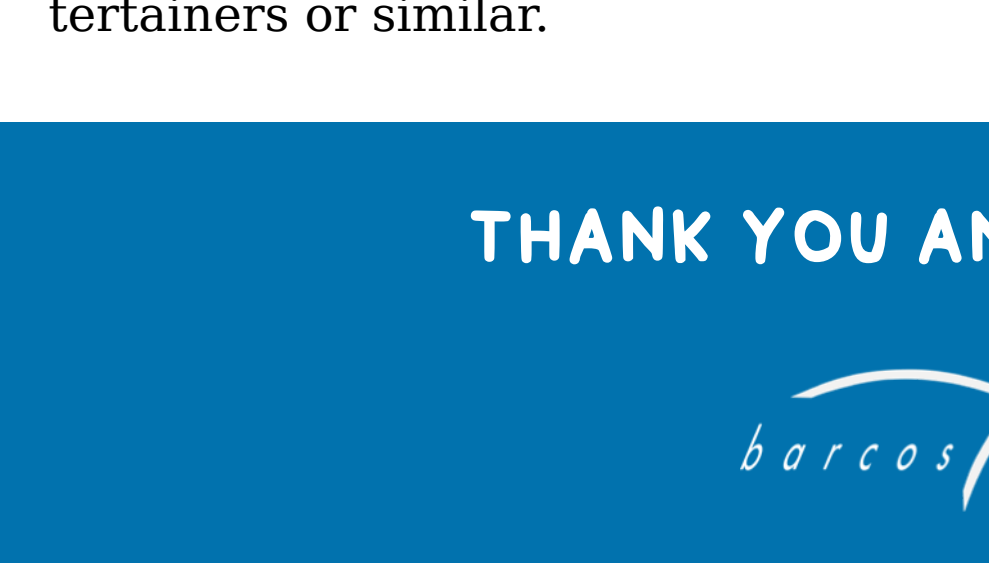
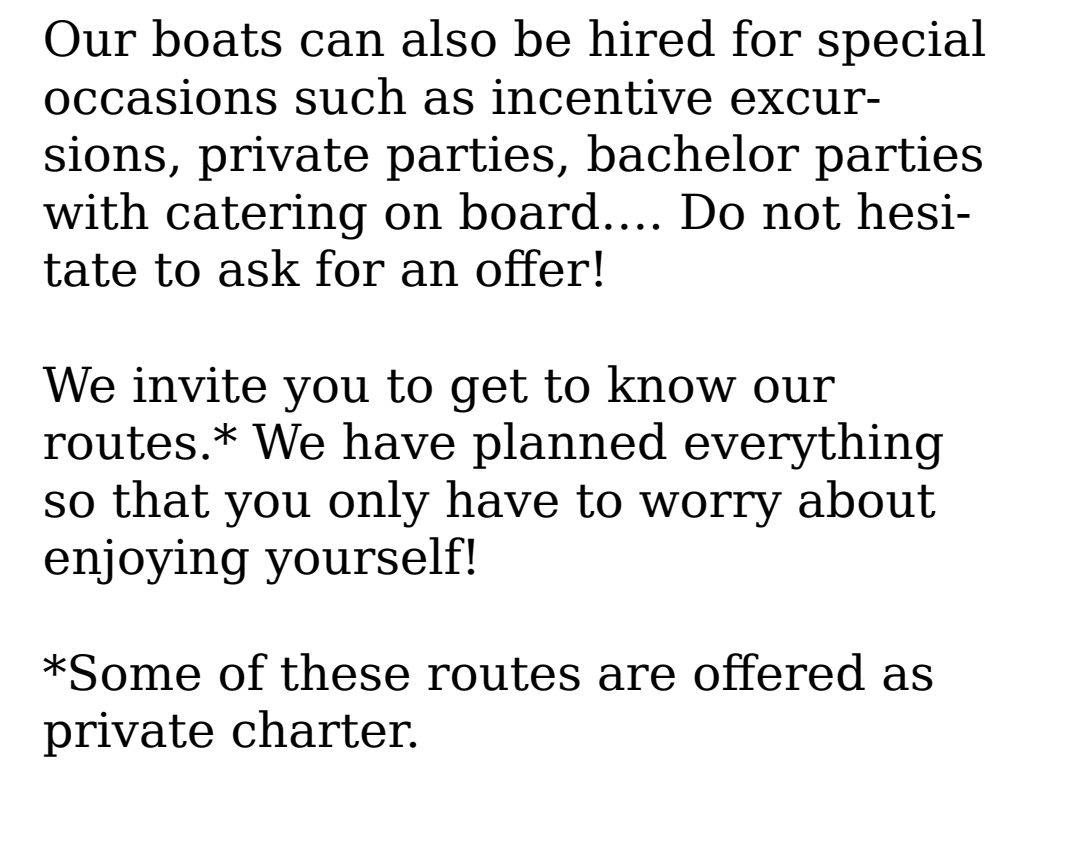
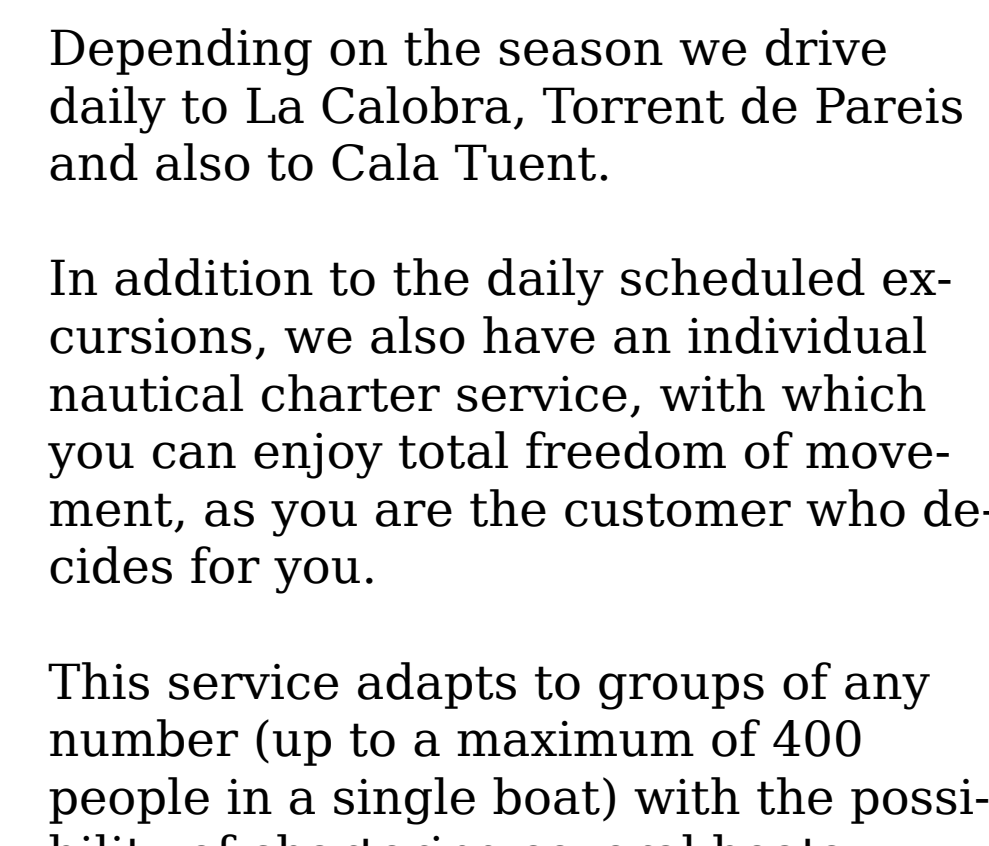
Bay of 'Cala Tuent'

This is one of the most peculiar and different coves in Mallorca, an area in which the olive trees planted right on the beach stand out. From here you can see the Puig Major, thus creating a beautiful image that includes both the highest point of the island Mallorca as well as the lowest, the sea.



20 PUIG MAJOR

The 'Puig Major' is the highest mountain in Mallorca. A its top you can currently find a military base with a radar cupola. This is due to an agreement signed in 1954 between Spain and the United States as a result of the Cold War. It stands at a height of 1436 m since, for the military installation, the mountain had to be lowered 9 m. This is in spite of the fact that nowadays everyone still says that the 'official' height of the 'Puig Major' is 1445 m.



22 TORRE DE SA CALOBRA

The tower of 'La Calobra'

This tower was built in 1605 and was used as a defense tower due to its strategic location. It belongs to the municipality of Escorca and nowadays is in ruins.

